### **OSMANIA UNIVERSITY**

### Faculty of Pharmacy

### SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION, EXAMINATION AND EVALUATION

(Effective for Batches Admitted from 2016 – 17 Academic Year Onwards)

### Program Code: 881 B. Pharmacy (Third Year)

#### Hours/Week Marks Duration Description **Course Code Course Title** Credits Internal End Exam of Exam L Т Ρ PY.07.881.6.1.T Physical Pharmacy-II PS, CORE 4 0 -4 30 70 3 PY.07.881.6.2.T **PS, CORE** Pharmacology-II 4 0 -4 30 70 3 PY.07.881.6.3.T PS, CORE Pharmacognosy-II 4 -4 30 70 3 0 Forensic Pharmacy 3 0 3 3 PY.07.881.6.4.T PS, FC 30 70 (Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence) PY.07.881.6.5.T PS, IDE Pharmaco Therapeutics/Quality Assurance 3 0 3 30 70 3 -PY.07.881.6.6.P PS, CORE Physical Pharmacy Practical 0 4 2 70 30 4 0 0 PY.07.881.6.7.P **PS, CORE** Pharmacology Practical 0 4 2 30 70 4 PY.07.881.6.8.P **PS, CORE** Pharmacognosy-II Practical 0 0 4 2 30 70 4 18 0 12 24 240 560

### **SEMESTER - VI**

### **PHYSICAL PHARMACY – II**

Subject Code : PY.07.881.6.2.T Periods / Week: 4credits:4 Nature of Exam: Theory

Sessional :30 **Examination** : 70 **Exam Duration: 3 Hrs** 

### Unit – I

**Solubility and Distribution Phenomena** 

Definitions, Expressions, Phase rule, Solvent - Solute interactions - polar solvents and semipolar solvents, Solubility of gases in liquids - effect of pressure and temperature, Salting out, Effect of chemical reactions, Solubility calculations. Solubility of liquids in liquids ideal and real solutions, Complete and partial miscibility, Influence of foreign substances, Three component systems, Dielectric constant and solubility. Solubility of solids in liquids Ideal and non ideal solutions solvation and association in solutions. Solubility of salts in water, Solubility of slightly soluble and week electrolytes, Calculating solubility of weak electrolytes as influenced by pH, Influence of solvents on the solubility of drugs, Combined effect of solvents. Distribution of solutes between immiscible solvents - Effect of ionic dissociation and molecular association on partition & extraction, Solubility and partition coefficients, Preservative action of weak acids in emulsions, Drug action and larmac' partition coefficients. Librar

#### Unit – II

**Chemical Kinetics** 

Rates and orders of reactions - Rate, order of reaction, Molecularly, Specific rate constant, Units of basic rate constants, Mathematical treatment of rates.

Apparent zero order kinetics. First order reactions. Second order reactions. Determination of order of a reaction. Elementary idea complex reactions. Specific and general acid base catalysis. Influence of temperature and other factors on reaction rates - Effect of solvents, Ionic strength, Dielectric constant, Catalysts and light. Decomposition and destabilization of medicinal agents against hydrolysis, Oxidation. Kinetics in the solid state. Accelerated stability analysis.

#### Unit – III

**Interfacial Phenomena** 

Introduction, liquid interphases - Surface and interfacial tensions, Surface free energy, measurement of surface and interfacial tensions, Spreading coefficient. Adsorption at liquid interfaces - Surface active agents, Systems of hydrophilic - Lipophilic classification, Solubilization and detergency. Types of monolayer at liquid surfaces, applications of amphiphiles. Absorption at solid interfaces - Solid/Gas interface - Solid/Liquid interface. Electric properties of interfaces - Electric double layer, N emst and zeta potentials.

#### Unit – IV

**Colloids and Micromeritics** 

Dispersed systems, Size and shape of colloidal particles - pharmaceutical application, Types - Lipophilic, Lipophobic and Association colloids, Comparison of properties of colloidal sols; Optical, Kinetic and Electric properties of colloids, Solubilization gels - Structure, **Properties and Applications.** 

Particle size and size distribution - average particle size, particle size distribution, number and weight distributions, Particle number; Methods for determining particle size - optical microscopy, sieving, Sedimentation, Particle volume measurement, Particle shape and surface area, Methods for determining surface area - Absorption methods, Air permeability methods; Derived properties of powders - Porosity, Packing arrangements, Densities, bulkiness, Flow properties.

Unit – V

**Rheology and Polymers** 

Rheology of Pharmaceutical Fluids: Newtonian and Non-Newtonian Systems;

Newtonian systems - Laws of flow, Kinematic viscosity, Effect of temperature.

Non newtonian systems - Plastic and Pseudoplastic dilatant flow.

Thixotropy - Measurement of thixotropy, Thixotropy in formulation.

Determination of rheologic properties - choice of viscometer, Capillary, falling sphere, Cup and bob, and cone and plate viscometers. Psychorheology. Applications to pharmacy. Polymers: Definition, Types of Polymers, Water Soluble and Water Insoluble Polymers; Polymers as Thickening Agents; Pharmaceutical Application of Polymers;

Examination: One question from each unit with internal choice.

**Text Books** 

1. A.N. Martin, Arthur Cammarata and J. Swarbrick, Physical Pharmacy by 3<sup>rd</sup> ed, K.M. Varghese & Co, Bombay.

2. C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Textbook of Physical Pharmaceutics, 2<sup>Th</sup> Edition, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi, 2004.

**Reference** books

1. Tutorial Pharmacy by Cooper & Gunn, ed S.J. Carter, CBS Publishers, Delhi.

2. Physical Pharmaceutics by Shotton & Ridgway, Oxford University press, London.

3. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, ed A.R. Gennaro, Mack publishing Co, PA.

### PHARMACOLOGY – II

Subject Code: PY.07.881.6.2.T Periods/week: 04 credits:4 **Nature of Exam: Theory** Hrs

Sessional :30 Examination : 70 **Exam Duration: 3** 

### Unit – I

**Chemotherapy of Infections and Cancer** 

Basic Principles of Chemotherapy; Systemic Pharmacological study of Anti-bacterial, Antiviral, Anti-fungal, Anti-protozoal and Anti-helmenthic drugs; Cancer Chemotherapy

#### Unit – II

**Pharmacology of Autocoids: Local Hormones** 

Anti-histamines: Histamine, Serotonim and ergot alkaloids; Vasoactive principles; Eicosanoids; Prostagladins, Thromboxanes, Leukotrines and related compounds. Nitric oxide, Donors and inhibitors. Para Drugs acting on blood and blood forming agents acid) and Coagulants, Anti-coagulants, Haematinics (iron, vitamin-B12, Folic **Thrombolytic Agents.** phar

Unit – III

**Pharmacology of Endocrine System** 

Systemic Pharmacological study of Pituitary Hormones, Sex Hormones, Oral Contraceptives, Oxytocics and Uterine relaxants; Pharmacology of thyroid and Antithyroid drugs, Insulin, Oral hypoglycemics, Glucagon and Adrenocortico steroids;

# Unit – IV

**Bioethics and Bioassay Of Some Selective Drugs** 

Principles of Bioethics, Bioethics of Animals used in Bioassay studies; Principles of Bioassays; Official Bioassays; Biological assay of anti-haemophilic fraction, Heparin sodium, Chorionic gonadotropin, Corticotropin, Insulin, Oxytocin, Vasopressin and Adrenaline; Biological assay of diptheria anti-toxin, anti-rabies vaccine, tetanus anti-toxin and old tuberculin vaccine:

Unit – V

**Toxicology of Drugs and Clinical Pharmacology** 

Principles of Toxicology; Definition of Poison; General principles of treatment of poisoning with special reference to barbutirates, Opium and Organophosphorus toxicity;

Treatment of Poisoning for the following toxins: Methyl Alcohol, Heavy metals, **Paracetamol and Digitalis** 

Introduction to Clinical pharmacology and Phases of clinical trials;

Examination: One question from each unit with internal choice.

**Text Books** 

1. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, K.D. Tripati., Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers

2. Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics., R.S.Saathoskar and S.D. Bandarkar., Popular Prakashan, Mumbai.,

3. Text Book of Pharmacology by Rang and Dale

**Reference Books** 

- **1.** Goodman and Gilman's: "The Pharmacological basis of Therapeutics" by Joel G. Hardman and Lee E. Limbard., Pergamon Press
- 2. Lewis's Pharmacology by J. Crossland., Churchil Livingstone Publications
- 3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung B.G., Prentice-Hall

4. Clinical pharmacology by Lanzence

Library G.Pulla Reddy College of Pharmacy Hyderabad

### PHARMACOGNOSY-II

Subject Code : PY.07.881.6.3.T Periods / Week: 4 credits:4 Nature of Exam: Theory Hrs Sessional : 30 Examination : 70 Exam Duration: 3

Systematic Phamacognostic study, which includes sources (Biological and Geographical) diagnostic characters, chemical constituents, chemical tests, uses, substituents and adulterants of the crude drugs mentioned in the following units. MICROSCOPICAL CHARACTERS OF ONLY THE DRUGS UNDERLINED SHALL BE STUDIED.

Unit – I

Alkaloids

Introduction, definition, classification, isolation, tests, chemical nature and uses of Rauwolfia, Vinca, Nuxvomica, opium, ipecac, belladonna, dattura, lobelia, vasaka, kurchi, ephedra, cinchona, colchicum, aconite, punemava, shankhupushpi, tobacco.

Unit – II

Glycosides

Introduction, Definition, Classification, Isolation, tests, chemical nature and uses of Senna, aloes, rhubarb, digitalis, squill, dioscoreia, liquorice, momordica, black mustard, ammi, psoralia, gentian, picrorriza, ashwagandha, gokhru, kalmegh, stropanthus, shatavari, brahmi, quassia, gymnema.

Unit – III

**Phytopharmaceuticals** 

Chemistry, Tests, Isolation, Characterization and Estimation of Following Constituents 1. Sennosides from Senna 2. Caffine from tea 3. Cineole from eucalyptus oil

4. Quinine from cinchona 5. Carvone from dill 6. Tannic acid from myrobalan

7. Rutin, hesperidin from citrus fruits.

Introduction, definition, classification, isolation, tests, chemical nature and uses of Volatile Oils and Resins from following Plant Sources: Fennel, Clove, Cinamon, Gaultheria oil, Artemisia, Taxus, Capscium, Turmeric, Podophyllum, Guggul Asafoetida and Pyrethrum.

Unit – IV

**Tissue Culture** 

History, introduction, callus culture, suspension culture, Immobilization of culture, single cell culture, organogenesis and embryo culture.

Production of secondary metabolites, biotransformation and clonal propagation, Significance and application of plant tissue culture.

Unit – V

Herbal Medicines

Herbal medicines in India, practice, regulations, Quality Control and Standardization of Raw Materials. Types of herbal formulations and products.

Some Traditional Plant Medicines as a source of New Drugs Introduction to dosage form of Ayurveda - Aristavas, Asawas, Chumas, Bhasma, Leyhas, Ghritams, Rasayanam and Kashayams.

Examination: One question from each unit with internal choice.

**Text Books** 

1. Trease and Evans, Pharmacognosy by W.C. Evans, Elseview Ltd., London, UK/ Vailliers Tindal Easbourn UK.

2. Pharmacognosy by C.K. Kokate, Nirali Publication, Pune.

3. Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis CBS publishers and Distributors, Delhi.

**Reference Books** 

1. The Ayurvedic pharmacopoeia of India I-III Govt. of India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Dept. of Indian system of medicine and Homeopathy, New Delhi.

Natural Products by O.P. Agarwal Vol.I & II Goel publications, Meerut.
 Text Book of Pharmacognosy by Brady & Taylor

5. Tissue culture and plant science by street

6. An Introduction to plant Tissue culture by M.K. Razdan, Oxford & IBH publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. - New Delhi & Calcutta. G.Pulla Re

### FORENSIC PHARMACY (PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE)

Subject Code : PY.07.881.6.4.T Periods/week : 04 credits:4 Nature of Exam: Theory Hrs Sessional : 30 Examination : 70 Exam Duration: 3

### Unit – I

- 1. Evolution of Pharmaceutical and Drug Legislation in India.
- 2. The Pharmacy Act 1948.
- 3. Code of Pharmaceutical Ethics.
- 4. Consumer protection Act 1986.
- 5. Narcotic and Psychotropic substances Act 1985.

### Unit – II

Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Drugs & Cosmetic Rules 1945 (also amendments).

- 1. Administration of the Act The controlling and licensing regulation at state level and central level (the organisation, function and duties of state and central drug control authorities).
- 2. Drugs & Cosmetic Act Rules the provisions related to
  - a. The manufacture of drugs (other than homeopathic) including schedule C, C(1), F, F(1) and X drugs and cosmetics.
  - b. The sale and distribution of drugs (other than homeopathic) including schedule C, C(1), F, F(1) and X drugs and cosmetics.

## Unit – III

- **Drugs & Cosmetics Act Rules** 
  - **1.** (i.) The import and export of drugs & cosmetics.
    - (ii) Labelling and packing requirements for all categories of drugs & cosmetics.
  - 2. (i.) List of schedules to the Drugs & Cosmetics Rules.
    - (ii.) Detailed study of schedule M (new), U and Y.
  - 3. Medicinal & Toilet preparations (Excise Duties) Act 1955.

### Unit – IV

- 1. Drugs and magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisments) Act 1954.
- 2. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act 1954 (salient features)
- 3. The Factories Act 1948 and the Amendment (salient features.).

### Unit – V

### **IPR's and Patent Laws**

- 1. Intellectual Property Rights a brief introduction to various IPR's.
- 2. Indian Patent Act 1970 and the Amendments to the Act (upto date with reference to WTO Agreement)

a. Introduction & Objectives

b. Inventions and Not inventions according to the Act.

c. Procedure of obtaining patent for drugs and pharmaceuticals.

3. Drug Price Control Order (Latest).

4. Pharmaceutical Policy 2002.

Examination: One question from each unit with internal choice.

**Text Books** 

1. Forensic Pharmacy by B.M. Mithal, Vallabh Prakashan.

2. Forensic Pharmacy by Dr. B.S. Kuchekar, A.M. Khadatare and Sachin C. Itkar, Nirali Prakashan, Pune.

3. Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 by Vijay Malik, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.

**Reference Books** 

rmac) 1. Bare Acts, published by Govt. of India. 2. Patent Act 1970 with patent Rules, published by Taxman Allied services (P) Ltd., 59132, New Rohtak Road, New Delhi – 110005. 3. ISO, International Organisation for Standardisation, Switzerland, 1994. G.Pulla Reddy Uuraaraisanon, s Hyderabad

### PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS

### Scheme of Instruction

Total Duration	: 45 hrs		Scheme of Examination		
Periods / Week	: 45 hrs	Maximum Marks	: 100		
Credits	: 3	Internal Exam	: 30		
Instruction Mode	: Lecture	End Semester	: 70		
Subject Code	: FY.07.881.6.5.T	Exam Duration	: 5 Hrs		

#### Course Objectives

To train the students in the drug therapy management of different diseases. To develop the skills in students to identify and resolve any drug related problems. To appreciate the quality selection medicines.

#### Course Outcomes

Describe and explain the rationale for drug therapy. Summarize the therapeutic approach for management of these diseases including reference to latest available evidence. Discuss the preparation of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis. Describe the etiology, incidence, and prognosis associated with all disease states discussed.

#### Unit-I

- Introduction: Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with the following systems.
- Cardiovascular system: hypertension, congestive heart failure, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, hyperlipidaemias, electrophysiology of heart and arrhythmias.
- Respiratory system: Introduction to pulmonary function test, asthma, chronic obstructive airway disease, drug induced pulmonary diseases.

#### Unit-II

- Endocrine system: diabetes, thyroid diseases, oral contraceptives, hormone replacement therapy, osteoporosis.
- Ophthalmology: glaucoma, conjunctivitis-viral and bacterial.

### Unit-III

### General prescribing guidelines for

- a. Paediatric patients.
- b. Geriatric patients,
- c. Pregnancy and lactation.

#### Unit-IV

Infectious diseases: guidelines for the rational use of antibiotics and surgical prophylaxis, tuberculosis, meningitis, respiratory tract infections, gastroenteritis, endocarditis, sapticaemia urinary tract infections, protozoal infection, HIV& opportunistic infections, fungal infections, viral infections, gonorrhea and syphilis.

#### l nit-V

- Musculoskeletal Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy : rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, gout, spondylitis, systemic lupus.
- Oncology: basic principles of cancer therapy, introduction to cancer chemotherapeutic agents, chemotherapy of breast cancer, leukemia, management of chemotherapy nausea and emesis.
- · Dermatology: psoriasis, scables, eczema, impetigo.

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#### TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Clinical Pharmacy and therapeutics- Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication.
- 2. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach-Joseph T. Dipiro et .al Appleton & Lange.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Pathologic basis of disease -Robins SL, W.B. Saunders publication
- 2. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice-Green and Harris, Chapmen and Hall publication
- 3. Clinical pharmacy and Therapeutics- Eric. T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkns publication
- 4. Applied therapeutics: The clinical use of Drugs.Lloyd and Koda-Kimble MA
- 5. Avery's Drug treatment, 4th edi, 1997, Adis International Limited

### QUALITY ASSURANCE

### Scheme of Instruction

Total Duration:60 Hrs.Max. Marks:100Hours/Week:3 Hrs.Mid Semester:20Credits::3Quiz:05Instruction Mode:LectureEnd Semester:75Course Code:PY.09.885.15.TExam Duration:3 Hrs.	Tel De la companya de la comp			Scheme of Examination			
Hours/Week:3 Hrs.Mid Semester:20Credits:3Quiz:05Instruction Mode:LectureEnd Semester:75		1	60 Hrs.				
Credits  : 3  Quiz  : 05    Instruction Mode  : Lecture  End Semester  : 75	Hours/Week	:	3 Hrs.				
Instruction Mode : Lecture End Semester : 75	Credits	:	3				20
Course Code · DV 00 995 15 T	Instruction Mode	:	Lecture			:	0.5
	Course Code	:	PY.09.885.15.T				

#### Course Objectives:

Achieve comprehensive understanding and acquiring professional competency in global quality standards systems and regulatory requirements in the pharmaceutical industry.

Develop and implement a robust quality assurance system in an organization towards quality excellence

#### Course Outcomes:

This subject is aimed at giving knowledge about concepts of quality assurance,

- Acquire knowledge on various quality assurance systems, processes and ourrest regulatory guidelines related to manufacturing and distribution.
- Address quality issues and provide solutions needed to attain Quality leadership in an environment of continual improvement.
- Understand the importance of effective documentation and formulator various operating procedures in Pharmaceutical industry.

#### Unit - I :

Basic Quality Assurance Systems: Basic concept organality control & quality assurance, functions, sources of variation, quality assurance for raw materiate APIs, packing materials & finished products (specifications, receipt, testing, sampling and certificate of apalysis), production (c hange control, aseptic process control, temperature, pressure & humiditycontrol tests, tests for air flow pattern, microbiological monitoring) buildings & facilities (design and construction features, construction materials, lighting, air handling systems, sanitation & maintenance) equipments (construction cleaning and maintenance, calibration & handling).

#### Unit - II :

In-Process Quality Control: Innortance, inspection, IPQC tests for tablets (weight variation, hardness, thickness, friability, disintegration tests and content uniformity), suspensions and emulsions (appearance and feel, volume check viscosity, particle size distribution, electrical conductivity and content uniformity) and parenterals (pH volume eneck, clarity, content uniformity, integrity of seals and particulate matter). Problems encountered and routile shooting.

### Unit - III

Quality Systems: ISO- Quality Concepts, Quality Management – Vocabulary, ISO 9000 series- Standards, Guidelines and Selection, Requirements, ISO - Certification Procedure, ISO 14000.

Audits: GMP compliance audit, Definition summary, Audit policy, Internal and External Audits, Second Party Audits, External third party audits.

Unit - IV :

Quality Control Laboratory: Scope, Organization, Personnel – DesirableQualities of Analyst, Responsibilities of Key Personnel in the Quality Control Lab. Operation Systems and Procedures in QC Lab, Analytical Worksheet, Test Methods, Evaluation of Test Results. Safety Guidelines in QC Lab.

Documentation: Good Documentation Practices, Route Cause Analysis, Corrective Action Preventive Action (CAPA), Out of Specifications (OOS) and Out of Trend (OOT);

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Chairperson, Bos

Head of the Department

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Dean of the Faculty

#### Unit - V

Impurity Profile: Sources of Impurities, their Effect on Drug Stability and Therapeutic Action. Determinationof Impurities in Bulk Drugs and Formulation - Isolation, Characterization, Analytical Methods and Guidelines as per ICH and WHO for Impurity and Related Substances, Concept of Purity Angle, I hreshold and Flag;

Study of Compendia: Evolution, Study of Parts of Compendia like: Policies, General Notices, Monographs, Comparative Picture of IP, USP, BP.

### Books and References:

- 1. Gupta SC. Fundamentals of Statistics. 6th Ed., Himalaya publishing house, Hyderabad, 2004.
- 2. Sharma PP. How to Practice GMPs, 4th ed., Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Sharma PP. How to Practice GLP, Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2000.
- 4. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceutical (A Compendium of Guidelines and Selected Materials) Vol. I & II, WHO, Geneva, Pharma Book Syndicate, Hyderabad, 2002.
- •5. Basic Tests for Pharmaceutical Substances, WHO, Geneva, All India traveler book seller India, 1990.
- Basic resis for Financiaco de la Vol. I-II, 3rd ed., WHO, Geneva, 1981.
  The International Pharmacopoeia, Vol. I-II, 3rd ed., WHO, Geneva, 1981.
- 7. Mehra ML. Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), University Book Agency
- 8. Subrahmanyam.CVS, Pharmaceutical Production and Management 2005 Vallabh Prakashan, NewDelhi.
- 9. D.A. Berry, Statistical Methodology in Pharmaceutical Science, Dekker, NY.
- 10. DH Shah, Quality Assurance Manual: Business Horizon New
- 11. Y. Anjaneyulu, R. Marayya. Quality Assurance and Quality Management in Pharmaceutical Industry, Pharma Book Syndicate, Hyderabad

### PHYSICAL PHARMACY PRACTICALS

Subject Code : PY.07.881.6.6.P Periods / Week: 6 Nature of Exam: Practical

Sessional : 25 Examination : 50 **Exam Duration: 4 Hrs** 

**List of Experiments** 

Minimum 12 experiments of the following shall be conducted

1. Determination of bulk density and flow properties of powders/ granules.

2. Determination of viscosity of liquids using Ostwald viscometer/ Redwood viscometer.

3. Determination of surface tension by stalagmometer method.

4. Determination of HLB of surfactant- Saponification method.

5. Determination of CMC of a surfactant-Drop count method using stalagmometer.

6. Ternary phase diagram for a three component system comprising of alcohol, water and benzene. armacy

7. Determination of adsorption behavior of acetic acid on charcoal.

8. Determination of CST of Phenol-water system

9. Effect of sodium chloride on CST of phenol water system.

10. Determination of solubility- Heat of solution method.

11. Determination of first order reaction rate constant - Acid hydrolysis of ester.

12. Preparation of pharmaceutical buffer and determination of its buffer capacity.

13. Determination of second order reaction rate constant- Alkali hydrolysis of ester.

14. Determination of ionization constant by conductivity method/ distribution method.

15. Determination of distribution coefficient of benzoic acid in benzene and water.

16. Determination of particle size distribution - Microscopy.

**Reference Books** 

1. C.V.S Subrahmanyam and S.G. Vasantharaju, Laboratory Manual of Physical Pharmacy, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, 2005.

2. C.V.S Subrahmanyam and J. Thimma Setty, Laboratory Manual of Physical Pharmaceutics, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, 2002.

3. Manavalan. Ramasamy, Physical Pharmaceutics, Vignesh Publishers, Chennai, 2004.

### PHARMACOLOGY PRACTICALS

Subject Code : PY.07.881.6.7.P Periods / Week: 4 credits:2 Nature of Exam: Practicals Hrs

Sessional : 25 Examination : 50 **Exam Duration: 6** 

List of Experiments

- 1. An introduction to different equipments used in Pharmacology laboratory
- 2. Effect of routes of administration on the action of drugs.
- 3. Dose response curves of Acetyl cholins.
- 4. Demonstration of different types of antagonism on isolated tissue preparations.
- 5. Effect of different electrolytes or drugs on isolated forg's heart.
- 6. Effect of drugs on isolated frog rectus abdominus (any four drugs).
- 7. Bioassay of drugs by matching method
- 8. Bioassay of drugs by graphical (interpolation) method
- 9. Bioassay of drugs by three point and four point methods.
- armacy 10. Effect of various drugs on isolated rabbit intestine / guinea pig ileum
- 11. Hypoglycemic activity of insulin in rabbit.
- 12. Effect of drugs on ciliary movement of frog's esophagus
- 13. Local anesthetic activity on Rabbit eye / Guinea pig! Frog's hind limb withdrawal (Demo).
- 14. Anti-psychotic effect by pole climbing apparatus (Demo)
- 15. To study the analgesic effect of narcotic analgesic by using tail-flic/hot-
- plate/acetic acid induced writing method. (demo)
- 16. Effect of drug on blood vessels
- 17. Antipyretic effect in rabbits.

#### **Reference Books**

1. S.K Kulkarni, Hand Book of Experimental Pharmacology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Vallabh Prakashan, Hilton and Company, Kolkata, 2005.

2. M.N Gash, Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Vallabh Prakashan, Hilton and Company, Kolkata, 2005.

3. K.K Pillai, Experimental Pharmacology, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CBS Publications & Distributors, Delhi, 2008.

4. R.K Goyal, Elements of Pharmacology, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, B.S. Shah Prakashan, Ahmadabad, 2003.

### PHARMACOGNOSY-II - FRACTICALS

Scheme of Examination		
m Marks : Exam : nester :	100 30 79 4 Hrs	
)	Duration :	

#### **Course** Objectives

The students should be able to take the transverse section of crude drug and to identify the binary mixture of powdered crude drugs. The students should be able to isolate and identify the phytoconstituents from crude drugs.

#### **Course Outcomes**

The students should be able to perform leaf constants, to identify the particle size of starch grains and to determine the ash and extractive values. The students should be able to perform preliminary phytochemical screening and to identify the unorganized crude drug by various chemical tests.

#### Experiments

- 1. Determination of stomatal number and index.
- 2. Determination of vein islet number and vein termination number.
- 3. Determination of fiber length and width.
- 4. Determination of particle size of starch grains by eye piece micrometer
- 5. Determination of Ash values.
- 6. Determination of extractive values.
- 7. To perform preliminary phytochemical investigation or screening of crude drug.
- 8. Determination of moisture content of crude drug.
- 9. Determination of swelling index and foaming index.
- 10. Analysis of crude drugs by chemical tests: Acacia, Agar, gelatin, starch, honey and castor oil.

#### **Recommended books:**

- 1. W.C.Evans, Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, 16th edition, W.B. Sounders & Co., London, 2009.
- 2. Tyler, V.E., Brady, L.R. and Robbers, J.E., Pharmacognosy, 9th Edn., Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1988.
- 3. Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis
- 4. Mohammad Ali. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry, CBS Publishers & Distribution, New Delhi.
- 5. Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Cokhlae (2007), 37th Edition, Nirali Prakashan, New Delhi.
- 6. Herbal drug industry by R.D. Choudhary (1996), Ist Edn, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.
- 7. Essentials of Pharmacognosy, Dr.SH.Ansari, IInd edition, Birla publications, New Delhi, 2007
- 8. Practical Pharmacognosy: C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Gokhlae 9. Anatomy of Crude Drugs by M.A. J: engar

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